

Plexichrome Ultra Performance Dark Blue - PLDB ICP Group Australasia Pty Ltd

Version No: 4.7

Safety Data Sheet according to WHS Regulations (Hazardous Chemicals) Amendment 2020 and ADG requirements

Issue Date: **08/14/2023**Print Date: **12/04/2023**S.GHS.AUS.EN

SECTION 1 Identification of the substance / mixture and of the company / undertaking

Product Identifier

Product name	Plexichrome Ultra Performance Dark Blue - PLDB
Synonyms	Not Available
Other means of identification	Not Available

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses	Sports Surface
rtoro rarre racernino a acco	porto carrace

Details of the manufacturer or supplier of the safety data sheet

Registered company name	ICP Group Australasia Pty Ltd	ICP Construction Inc.
Address	30-32 Assembly Drive Tullamarine, VIC 3043 Australia	150 Dascomb Road Andover, MA 01810 United States
Telephone	61 3 9338 9851	1-866-667-5119 1-978-623-9987
Fax	Not Available	Not Available
Website	www.icpgroup.com	www.icpgroup.com
Email	sales-australia@icpgroup.com	sds@icpgroup.com

Emergency telephone number

Association / Organisation	ChemTel	ChemTel
Emergency telephone numbers	1300-954-583	1-800-255-3924
Other emergency telephone numbers	Not Available	1-813-248-0585

SECTION 2 Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

Poisons Schedule	Not Applicable
Classification [1]	Carcinogenicity Category 1A, Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure Category 1
Legend:	1. Classified by Chemwatch; 2. Classification drawn from HCIS; 3. Classification drawn from Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008 - Annex VI

Label elements

Hazard pictogram(s)



Signal word

Danger

Hazard statement(s)

H350	May cause cancer.
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Precautionary statement(s) General

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
P101	If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
P102	Keep out of reach of children.
P103	Read carefully and follow all instructions.

Version No: **4.7** Page **2** of **9** Issue Date: **08/14/2023**

Plexichrome Ultra Performance Dark Blue - PLDB

Print Date: 12/04/2023

Precautionary statement(s) Prevention

P201	Obtain special instructions before use.
P260	Do not breathe mist/vapours/spray.
P280	Wear protective gloves and protective clothing.
P270	Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P264	Wash all exposed external body areas thoroughly after handling.

Precautionary statement(s) Response

P308+P313	IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention.
P314	Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

Precautionary statement(s) Storage

Precautionary statement(s) Disposal

P501 Dispose of contents/container to authorised hazardous or special waste collection point in accordance with any local regulation.

SECTION 3 Composition / information on ingredients

Substances

See section below for composition of Mixtures

Mixtures

CAS No	%[weight]	Name
107-21-1	0.1-1	ethylene glycol
14808-60-7*	10-30	silica crystalline - quartz
14464-46-1	1-5	cristobalite
13463-67-7*	0.5-1.5	Titanium Dioxide Ti02
Legend:	yend: 1. Classified by Chemwatch; 2. Classification drawn from HCIS; 3. Classification drawn from Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008 - Annex VI; 4. Classification drawn from C&L * EU IOELVs available	

SECTION 4 First aid measures

Description of first aid measures

Eye Contact	If this product comes in contact with eyes: • Wash out immediately with water. • If irritation continues, seek medical attention. • Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel.
Skin Contact	If skin contact occurs: Immediately remove all contaminated clothing, including footwear. Flush skin and hair with running water (and soap if available). Seek medical attention in event of irritation.
Inhalation	 If fumes, aerosols or combustion products are inhaled remove from contaminated area. Other measures are usually unnecessary.
Ingestion	 Immediately give a glass of water. First aid is not generally required. If in doubt, contact a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5 Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media

- ► Foam.
- Dry chemical powder.

Special hazards arising from the substrate or mixture

Fire Incompatibility	Avoid contamination with oxidising agents i.e. nitrates, oxidising acids, chlorine bleaches, pool chlorine etc. as ignition may result

Advice for firefighters

Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazar

Wear full body protective clothing with breathing apparatus.

Version No: **4.7** Page **3** of **9** Issue Date: **08/14/2023**

Plexichrome Ultra Performance Dark Blue - PLDB

Print Date: 12/04/2023

Fire/Explosion Hazard

- ► Combustible.
- Slight fire hazard when exposed to heat or flame.

Combustion products include:

Explosion Hazard carbon dioxide (CO2)

other pyrolysis products typical of burning organic material.

May emit poisonous fumes. May emit corrosive fumes.

HAZCHEM Not Applicable

SECTION 6 Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

See section 8

Environmental precautions

See section 12

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Minor Spills	 Remove all ignition sources. Clean up all spills immediately.
Major Spills	Moderate hazard. Clear area of personnel and move upwind.

Personal Protective Equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of the SDS.

SECTION 7 Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Safe handling	 Avoid all personal contact, including inhalation. Wear protective clothing when risk of exposure occurs. DO NOT allow clothing wet with material to stay in contact with skin
Other information	Store in original containers.

Keep containers securely sealed.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Suitable container	Metal can or drum Packaging as recommended by manufacturer. Check all containers are clearly labelled and free from leaks.
Storage incompatibility	► Avoid reaction with oxidising agents

SECTION 8 Exposure controls / personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits (OEL)

INGREDIENT DATA

Source	Ingredient	Material name	TWA	STEL	Peak	Notes
Australia Exposure Standards	ethylene glycol	Ethylene glycol (vapour)	20 ppm / 52 mg/m3	104 mg/m3 / 40 ppm	Not Available	Not Available
Australia Exposure Standards	ethylene glycol	Ethylene glycol (particulate)	10 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
Australia Exposure Standards	silica crystalline - quartz	Silica - Crystalline: Quartz (respirable dust)	0.05 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
Australia Exposure Standards	cristobalite	Silica - Crystalline: Cristobalite (respirable dust)	0.05 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
Australia Exposure Standards	Titanium Dioxide Ti02	Titanium dioxide	10 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	(a) This value is for inhalable dust containing no asbestos and < 1% crystalline silica.

Emergency Limits

Ingredient	TEEL-1	TEEL-2	TEEL-3
ethylene glycol	30 ppm	150 ppm	900 ppm
silica crystalline - quartz	0.075 mg/m3	33 mg/m3	200 mg/m3
cristobalite	0.075 mg/m3	33 mg/m3	200 mg/m3
Titanium Dioxide Ti02	30 mg/m3	330 mg/m3	2,000 mg/m3

 Version No: 4.7
 Page 4 of 9
 Issue Date: 08/14/2023

 Print Date: 12/04/2023
 Print Date: 12/04/2023

Plexichrome Ultra Performance Dark Blue - PLDB

Ingredient	Original IDLH	Revised IDLH
ethylene glycol	Not Available	Not Available
silica crystalline - quartz	25 mg/m3 / 50 mg/m3	Not Available
cristobalite	Not Available	Not Available
Titanium Dioxide Ti02	5,000 mg/m3	Not Available

Exposure controls

Engineering controls are used to remove a hazard or place a barrier between the worker and the hazard. Well-designed engineering controls can Appropriate engineering controls be highly effective in protecting workers and will typically be independent of worker interactions to provide this high level of protection. Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment Safety glasses with side shields. Eye and face protection Chemical goggles. Skin protection See Hand protection below ▶ Wear chemical protective gloves, e.g. PVC. ▶ Wear safety footwear or safety gumboots, e.g. Rubber Hands/feet protection The selection of suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality which vary from manufacturer to manufacturer. Where the chemical is a preparation of several substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance and has therefore to be checked prior to the application. **Body protection** See Other protection below Overalls.

Respiratory protection

Other protection

Type A-P Filter of sufficient capacity. (AS/NZS 1716 & 1715, EN 143:2000 & 149:2001, ANSI Z88 or national equivalent)

If inhalation risk above the TLV exists, wear approved dust respirator.

Use respirators with protection factors appropriate for the exposure level.

- ▶ Up to 5 X TLV, use valveless mask type; up to 10 X TLV, use 1/2 mask dust respirator
- Up to 50 X TLV, use full face dust respirator or demand type C air supplied respirator

P.V.C apron.

- Up to 500 X TLV, use powered air-purifying dust respirator or a Type C pressure demand supplied-air respirator
- Over 500 X TLV wear full-face self-contained breathing apparatus with positive pressure mode or a combination respirator with a Type C positive pressure supplied-air full-face respirator and an auxiliary self-contained breathing apparatus operated in pressure demand or other positive pressure mode
- Lattridge respirators should never be used for emergency ingress or in areas of unknown vapour concentrations or oxygen content.
- The wearer must be warned to leave the contaminated area immediately on detecting any odours through the respirator. The odour may indicate that the mask is not functioning properly, that the vapour concentration is too high, or that the mask is not properly fitted. Because of these limitations, only restricted use of cartridge respirators is considered appropriate.
- Cartridge performance is affected by humidity. Cartridges should be changed after 2 hr of continuous use unless it is determined that the humidity is less than 75%, in which case, cartridges can be used for 4 hr. Used cartridges should be discarded daily, regardless of the length of time used

SECTION 9 Physical and chemical properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties **Appearance** Light sensitive. Physical state Liquid Relative density (Water = 1) Not Available Partition coefficient n-octanol Odour Not Available Not Available / water Odour threshold Not Available Auto-ignition temperature (°C) Not Available Decomposition pH (as supplied) Not Available Not Available temperature (°C) Melting point / freezing point Not Available Viscosity (cSt) Not Available Initial boiling point and boiling Not Available Molecular weight (g/mol) Not Available range (°C) Flash point (°C) >130 Taste Not Available Not Available **Evaporation rate Explosive properties** Not Available Flammability Not Applicable Oxidising properties Not Available Surface Tension (dyn/cm or Upper Explosive Limit (%) Not Available Not Available Lower Explosive Limit (%) Not Available Volatile Component (%vol) Not Available

 Version No: 4.7
 Page 5 of 9
 Issue Date: 08/14/2023

 Print Date: 12/04/2023
 Print Date: 12/04/2023

Plexichrome Ultra Performance Dark Blue - PLDB

	1		1
Vapour pressure (kPa)	Not Available	Gas group	Not Available
Solubility in water	Immiscible	pH as a solution (1%)	Not Available
Vapour density (Air = 1)	Not Available	VOC g/L	84.94

SECTION 10 Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	See section 7
Chemical stability	 Unstable in the presence of incompatible materials. Product is considered stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	See section 7
Conditions to avoid	See section 7
Incompatible materials	See section 7
Hazardous decomposition products	See section 5

SECTION 11 Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Inhaled	The material is not thought to produce adverse health effects or irritation of the respiratory tract (as classified by EC Directives using animal models). Nevertheless, good hygiene practice requires that exposure be kept to a minimum and that suitable control measures be used in an occupational setting.
Ingestion	The material has NOT been classified by EC Directives or other classification systems as 'harmful by ingestion'. This is because of the lack of corroborating animal or human evidence.
Skin Contact	Skin contact is not thought to have harmful health effects (as classified under EC Directives); the material may still produce health damage following entry through wounds, lesions or abrasions. There is some evidence to suggest that this material can cause inflammation of the skin on contact in some persons. Open cuts, abraded or irritated skin should not be exposed to this material Entry into the blood-stream, through, for example, cuts, abrasions or lesions, may produce systemic injury with harmful effects. Examine the skin prior to the use of the material and ensure that any external damage is suitably protected.
Eye	Although the liquid is not thought to be an irritant (as classified by EC Directives), direct contact with the eye may produce transient discomfort characterised by tearing or conjunctival redness (as with windburn).
Chronic	Studies show that inhaling this substance for over a long period (e.g. in an occupational setting) may increase the risk of cancer. Strong evidence exists that this substance may cause irreversible mutations (though not lethal) even following a single exposure. Toxic: danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure through inhalation, in contact with skin and if swallowed. This material can cause serious damage if one is exposed to it for long periods. It can be assumed that it contains a substance which can produce severe defects. Crystalline silicas activate the inflammatory response of white blood cells after they injure the lung epithelium. Chronic exposure to crystalline silicas reduces lung capacity and predisposes to chest infections.

Plexichrome Ultra	
Performance Dark Blue -	
PLDB	

TOXICITY	IRRITATION
Not Available	Not Available

ethylene glycol

TOXICITY	IRRITATION
dermal (mouse) LD50: >3500 mg/kg ^[1]	Eye (rabbit): 100 mg/1h - mild
Oral (Rat) LD50: >2000 mg/kg ^[2]	Eye (rabbit): 12 mg/m3/3D
	Eye (rabbit): 1440mg/6h-moderate
	Eye (rabbit): 500 mg/24h - mild
	Eye: no adverse effect observed (not irritating) ^[1]
	Skin (rabbit): 555 mg(open)-mild
	Skin: no adverse effect observed (not irritating) ^[1]

silica crystalline - quartz

TOXICITY	IRRITATION
Inhalation (Human)LCLo: 0.3 mg/m3/10Y ^[2]	Not Available
Inhalation (Human)TCLo: 16 mppcf*/8H/17.9Y ^[2]	
Inhalation (Rat)TCLo: 50 mg/m3/6H/71W ^[2]	

cristobalite

TOXICITY

Version No: 4.7 Page 6 of 9 Issue Date: 08/14/2023

Plexichrome Ultra Performance Dark Blue - PLDB

Print Date: 12/04/2023

	Not Available	Not Available	
	TOXICITY	IRRITATION	
	dermal (hamster) LD50: >=10000 mg/kg ^[2]	Eye: no adverse eff	ect observed (not irritating) ^[1]
Titanium Dioxide Ti02	Inhalation(Rat) LC50: >2.28 mg/l4h ^[1]	Skin: no adverse ef	ect observed (not irritating)[1]
	Oral (Rat) LD50: >=2000 mg/kg ^[1]		
Legend:	Nalue obtained from Europe ECHA Registered Su specified data extracted from RTECS - Register of To		stained from manufacturer's SDS. Unless otherwise
Plexichrome Ultra Performance Dark Blue - PLDB	Laboratory (in vitro) and animal studies show, expost producing mutation.	ure to the material may result in a po	essible risk of irreversible effects, with the possibility o
ETHYLENE GLYCOL	[Estimated Lethal Dose (human) 100 ml; RTECS quo For ethylene glycol: Ethylene glycol is quickly and extensively absorbed t through the airways; absorption through skin is appar	hroughout the gastrointestinal tract.	ctive effector in rats (birth defects). Mutagenic to rat co
CRISTOBALITE	Inhalation (human) TCLo: 16 mppcf*/8H/17.9y-I * Mil	lions of particles per cubic foot	
silica crystalline - quartz & CRISTOBALITE		ARC) has classified occupational exponential on what IARC considered sufficient	RC as Group 1: CARCINOGENIC TO HUMANS cosures to respirable (<5 um) crystalline silica as being evidence from epidemiological studies of humans for
Acute Toxicity	×	Carcinogenicity	✓
Skin Irritation/Corrosion	×	Reproductivity	×
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation	×	STOT - Single Exposure	×
Respiratory or Skin sensitisation	×	STOT - Repeated Exposure	→
	×	Aspiration Hazard	×

Data available to make classification

SECTION 12 Ecological information

Plexichrome Ultra Performance Dark Blue -	Endpoint		Test Duration (hr)		Species	Value		Source	
PLDB	Not Available		Not Available		Not Available	Not Avai	ilable	Not Avail	able
	Endpoint	Test	Duration (hr)	Specie	S		Value		Source
	EC50	96h		Algae o	r other aquatic plants		6500-13000mg	1 /l	1
ethylene glycol	EC50	48h		Crustac	ea		>100mg/l		2
	LC50	96h		Fish			8050mg/l		4
	EC50(ECx)	Not a	Available	Algae o	r other aquatic plants		6500-7500mg/	I	1
	Endpoint		Test Duration (hr)		Species	Value		Source	
silica crystalline - quartz	Not Available		Not Available		Not Available	Not Avai	ilable	Not Avail	able
	Endpoint		Test Duration (hr)		Species	Value		Source	
cristobalite	Not Available		Not Available		Not Available	Not Avai	ilable	Not Avail	able
	Endpoint	Te	st Duration (hr)	Spec	ies		Value		Source
	BCF		08h	Fish			<1.1-9.6		7
	EC50	72	h	Algae	or other aquatic plants	.	3.75-7.58m	a/l	4
Titanium Dioxide Ti02	EC50	48	 h	Crust			1.9mg/l	J.	2
	EC50	96	 h	Algae	or other aquatic plants	.	179.05mg/l		2
	LC50	96	h	Fish			1.85-3.06m	g/l	4
	NOEC(ECx)	67	2h	Fish			>=0.004mg	/L	2
	-								

Version No: **4.7** Page **7** of **9** Issue Date: **08/14/2023**

Plexichrome Ultra Performance Dark Blue - PLDB

Print Date: 12/04/2023

DO NOT discharge into sewer or waterways.

Persistence and degradability

Ingredient	Persistence: Water/Soil	Persistence: Air
ethylene glycol	LOW (Half-life = 24 days)	LOW (Half-life = 3.46 days)
Titanium Dioxide Ti02	HIGH	HIGH

Bioaccumulative potential

Ingredient	Bioaccumulation
ethylene glycol	LOW (BCF = 200)
Titanium Dioxide Ti02	LOW (BCF = 10)

Mobility in soil

Ingredient	Mobility
ethylene glycol	HIGH (KOC = 1)
Titanium Dioxide Ti02	LOW (KOC = 23.74)

SECTION 13 Disposal considerations

Waste treatment methods

- Containers may still present a chemical hazard/ danger when empty.
- Return to supplier for reuse/ recycling if possible.

Product / Packaging disposal

Legislation addressing waste disposal requirements may differ by country, state and/ or territory. Each user must refer to laws operating in their area.

- ▶ DO NOT allow wash water from cleaning or process equipment to enter drains.
- It may be necessary to collect all wash water for treatment before disposal.
- Recycle wherever possible or consult manufacturer for recycling options.
- ▶ Consult State Land Waste Authority for disposal.

SECTION 14 Transport information

Labels Required

<u> Labolo Itoquilou</u>	
Marine Pollutant	NO
HAZCHEM	Not Applicable

Land transport (ADG): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Air transport (ICAO-IATA / DGR): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Sea transport (IMDG-Code / GGVSee): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

14.7.1. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC code

Not Applicable

14.7.2. Transport in bulk in accordance with MARPOL Annex V and the IMSBC Code

Product name	Group
ethylene glycol	Not Available
silica crystalline - quartz	Not Available
cristobalite	Not Available
Titanium Dioxide Ti02	Not Available

14.7.3. Transport in bulk in accordance with the IGC Code

Product name	Ship Type
ethylene glycol	Not Available
silica crystalline - quartz	Not Available
cristobalite	Not Available
Titanium Dioxide Ti02	Not Available

SECTION 15 Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture

ethylene glycol is found on the following regulatory lists

Australia Hazardous Chemical Information System (HCIS) - Hazardous Chemicals Australia Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP) -Schedule 5 Australia Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP) - Schedule $\boldsymbol{6}$

Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals (AIIC)

Chemical Footprint Project - Chemicals of High Concern List

Version No: **4.7** Page **8** of **9** Issue Date: **08/14/2023**

Plexichrome Ultra Performance Dark Blue - PLDB

Print Date: 12/04/2023

silica crystalline - quartz is found on the following regulatory lists

Australia Hazardous Chemical Information System (HCIS) - Hazardous Chemicals Australia Model Work Health and Safety Regulations - Hazardous chemicals (other than lead) requiring health monitoring

Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals (AIIC)

Chemical Footprint Project - Chemicals of High Concern List

International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - Agents Classified by the IARC Monographs

International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - Agents Classified by the IARC Monographs - Group 1: Carcinogenic to humans

cristobalite is found on the following regulatory lists

Australia Hazardous Chemical Information System (HCIS) - Hazardous Chemicals Australia Model Work Health and Safety Regulations - Hazardous chemicals (other than lead) requiring health monitoring

Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals (AIIC)

Chemical Footprint Project - Chemicals of High Concern List

International WHO List of Proposed Occupational Exposure Limit (OEL) Values for Manufactured Nanomaterials (MNMS)

Titanium Dioxide Ti02 is found on the following regulatory lists

Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals (AIIC)

Chemical Footprint Project - Chemicals of High Concern List

International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - Agents Classified by the IARC Monographs

International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - Agents Classified by the IARC Monographs - Group 2B: Possibly carcinogenic to humans

International WHO List of Proposed Occupational Exposure Limit (OEL) Values for Manufactured Nanomaterials (MNMS)

Additional Regulatory Information

Not Applicable

National Inventory Status

National Inventory	Status		
Australia - AIIC / Australia Non-Industrial Use	Yes		
Canada - DSL	Yes		
Canada - NDSL	No (ethylene glycol; silica crystalline - quartz; cristobalite; Titanium Dioxide Ti02)		
China - IECSC	Yes		
Europe - EINEC / ELINCS / NLP	Yes		
Japan - ENCS	Yes		
Korea - KECI	Yes		
New Zealand - NZIoC	Yes		
Philippines - PICCS	Yes		
USA - TSCA	Yes		
Taiwan - TCSI	Yes		
Mexico - INSQ	Yes		
Vietnam - NCI	Yes		
Russia - FBEPH	Yes		
Legend:	Yes = All CAS declared ingredients are on the inventory No = One or more of the CAS listed ingredients are not on the inventory. These ingredients may be exempt or will require registration.		

SECTION 16 Other information

Revision Date	08/14/2023
Initial Date	03/23/2020

CONTACT POINT

SDS Version Summary

Version	Date of Update	Sections Updated
3.7	08/14/2023	Toxicological information - Chronic Health, Hazards identification - Classification, Disposal considerations - Disposal, Ecological Information - Environmental, Exposure controls / personal protection - Exposure Standard, Firefighting measures - Fire Fighter (extinguishing media), Firefighting measures - Fire Fighter (fire/explosion hazard), Firefighting measures - Fire Fighter (fire fighting), Handling and storage - Handling Procedure, Composition / information on ingredients - Ingredients, Accidental release measures - Spills (major), Accidental release measures - Spills (minor), Handling and storage - Storage (storage requirement), Handling and storage - Storage (suitable container)

Other information

Classification of the preparation and its individual components has drawn on official and authoritative sources as well as independent review by the Chemwatch Classification committee using available literature references.

The SDS is a Hazard Communication tool and should be used to assist in the Risk Assessment. Many factors determine whether the reported Hazards are Risks in the workplace or other settings.

Definitions and abbreviations

- ▶ PC TWA: Permissible Concentration-Time Weighted Average
- PC STEL: Permissible Concentration-Short Term Exposure Limit
- IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer
- ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
- STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit
- ► TEEL: Temporary Emergency Exposure Limit.

^{**}PLEASE NOTE THAT TITANIUM DIOXIDE IS NOT PRESENT IN CLEAR OR NEUTRAL BASES**

Version No: 4.7 Page 9 of 9 Issue Date: 08/14/2023

Plexichrome Ultra Performance Dark Blue - PLDB

Print Date: 12/04/2023

- ▶ IDLH: Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health Concentrations
- ► ES: Exposure Standard
- OSF: Odour Safety Factor
- ► NOAEL: No Observed Adverse Effect Level
- ▶ LOAEL: Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level
- ► TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- LOD: Limit Of Detection
- ► OTV: Odour Threshold Value
- ▶ BCF: BioConcentration Factors
- ▶ BEI: Biological Exposure Index
- DNEL: Derived No-Effect Level
- ► PNEC: Predicted no-effect concentration
- ▶ AIIC: Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals
- DSL: Domestic Substances List
- NDSL: Non-Domestic Substances List
- IECSC: Inventory of Existing Chemical Substance in China
- EINECS: European INventory of Existing Commercial chemical Substances
 ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances
- NLP: No-Longer Polymers
- ENCS: Existing and New Chemical Substances Inventory
- KECI: Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory
- NZIoC: New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
- PICCS: Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances
- TSCA: Toxic Substances Control Act
- TCSI: Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory
- INSQ: Inventario Nacional de Sustancias Químicas
- NCI: National Chemical Inventory
- FBEPH: Russian Register of Potentially Hazardous Chemical and Biological Substances

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